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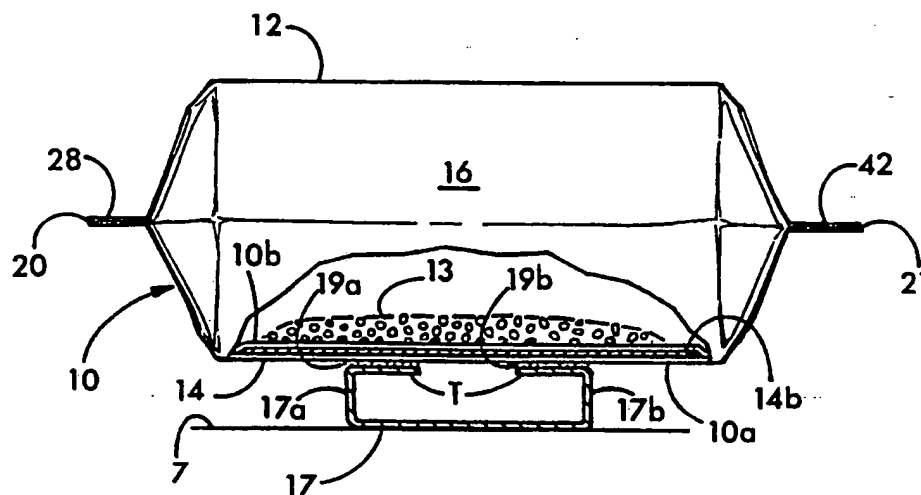
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(54) Title: MICROWAVE CORN POPPING PACKAGE**(57) Abstract**

An expendable popcorn bag (10) includes upper and lower opposing face panels (12, 14) connected together by longitudinally extending, centrally projecting gussets (16, 18) that are integral with the face panels (12, 14). Prior to popping, the gussets (16, 18) are folded between the upper and lower face panels (12, 14) of the bag (10) and the bag is sealed at each end. A microwave heating susceptor (14b) is provided in the lower panel (14) of the bag (10) or elsewhere in the bag if desired. During popping of the popcorn kernels (13), the bag (10) increases in size and the gussets (16, 18) expand outwardly as the bag (10) becomes filled with popped kernels hot vapor and steam. In an alternative modified form of the invention, a stand (17, 6) is provided to elevate the bag. The stand can be pre-erected, or erected or collapsed during use. In another alternative modified form of the invention, a stand (84) is an initially detached, pre-erected tray-shaped stand. During microwave cooking, a heat-activated adhesive bonds the tray-shaped stand to the bag.

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MICROWAVE CORN POPPING PACKAGE

FIELD OF INVENTION

5 This invention relates to a microwave corn popping package.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

At the time microwave popcorn was first commercialized, microwave popcorn bags were sized to be
10 the largest size that would fit in the most commonly available oven in use at that time. A de facto standard size of about 100 grams resulted. This size has come to be preferred by microwave popcorn customers, with sizes larger, and especially smaller, being much less acceptable
15 as shown by relative sales volume.

This size fits and works well in most of today's microwave ovens. However, there is one class of oven where this size does not work well--and that is the class of oven wherein a turntable is used to enhance uniformity
20 of heating. In such ovens, if the 100 gram bag is too close to the maximum space capacity of the oven, the bag can catch or hang up and so no longer rotate, thus inactivating the uniformity of heating feature of the oven turntable, resulting in reduced pop volume and sometimes
25 even scorching. Such small ovens may often have a turntable of about 23 cm or less in diameter and are very common in some markets, making it unfeasible to market the most popular bag size in those markets. In fact, the largest de facto standard size that will fit these ovens
30 is the 50 gram size, which uses a bag having a height of only about 23 cm and a width of about 10 cm across each face.

Another problem in certain microwave ovens is that the area of maximum field intensity is in an unusual position
35 owing to the design of the oven capability or the presence of a metal cooking surface. For example, in a typical Japanese oven it has been found that the maximum field intensity is not located at or immediately above the support surface within the oven as it is in typical U.S.

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ovens. Japanese ovens are characterized by the presence of a metal cooking surface, i.e., a metal support surface such as a turntable for the food at the bottom of the oven compartment. Foods like popcorn which depend on an electric field powered susceptor in the bottom of a paper container, e.g., a bag, are not heated very well in ovens of this kind. As a result, the popcorn pops slowly, and very often popping is incomplete, resulting in a large number of unpopped kernels which consumers find unacceptable. In addition, heating may be spotty, causing popcorn in some parts of the bag to burn or kernels in other portions of the package remain unpopped. This is a particularly serious problem to the consumer who often perceives the packaged popcorn as a poor product and may never buy it again. By contrast, other ovens such as those commonly marketed in the United States exhibit a maximum microwave field intensity that is positioned very close to the cooking surface (the oven floor), e.g., about one-sixteenth to about one-eighth inch above the cooking surface so that the microwave energy is transmitted very efficiently to the susceptor of a packaged food product resting directly on the floor of the oven.

A major objective of the present invention is to provide an improved microwave popcorn popping package in which energy can be transmitted efficiently to the susceptor in both of the above types of ovens. Another objective is to find a way of mass producing an inexpensive disposable paper bag that can be placed selectively in either of two or more positions within the microwave oven to assure popping at maximum efficiency. Another more specific object is to provide an inexpensive popcorn bag that can be mass produced efficiently and in which cooking can be carried out in either a raised or a lowered position.

Attempts were made by us to develop a pre-erected stand which was separate, i.e., detached from the popcorn bag but initially such attempts resulted in failure,

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partly because the bag would sometimes fall off the stand as the package rotated on the turntable within a microwave oven. In addition, a pre-erected stand can take up a good deal of additional space in a package.

5 It is therefore a further object to provide a popcorn bag with stand that does not have to be folded or otherwise manipulated to prepare it for use. Another object is to provide a pre-erected stand which has a space-saving feature. A further, more specific object is
10 to find a way of providing a detached stand that occupies little additional space and still will not allow the bag to be dislodged; i.e., knocked off the stand due to the rotation of the oven turntable on which the stand is placed during cooking in a microwave oven. These and
15 other more detailed and specific objects of the invention will be better understood by reference to the following detailed description and figures which illustrate by way of example but a few of the various forms of the invention within the scope of the appended claims.

20 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly, for the purpose of popping popcorn in a microwave oven, the present invention provides a flexible bag containing popcorn and having a collapsible stand as a part of the bag. The bag includes upper and lower face
25 panels defining the major faces of the bag. Connected to and extending between the faces of the bag are left and right longitudinally extending, centrally projecting gussets that are integral with the face panels. Prior to popping, the gussets are folded between the upper and
30 lower face panels of the bag. The panels and gussets are preferably formed from a pair of superimposed sheets of paper that are laminated together with adhesive. Popcorn is placed the placed in the bag and the ends of the bag are sealed. A microwave heating susceptor of any suitable
35 type is provided in the lower panel of the bag. If desired, the bag ends can be cut in an arcuate configuration, either as a continuously curved convex arc

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or as several straight adjoining cut segments. Popping of the corn can be carried out in a microwave oven with the bag supported upon a pre-erected or collapsible stand, usually about 2 cm high, attached to the bag. In certain
5 ovens this stand is erected to elevate the bag so that microwave energy will transfer well to the popcorn, causing the popcorn to pop efficiently. One form of stand is capable of being folded flat, i.e., collapsed for shipment and storage. In an alternative modified form of
10 the invention, the stand is an initially detached pre-erected tray-shaped stand. During microwave cooking a heat-activated adhesive bonds the tray-shaped stand to the bag.

During popping of the popcorn kernels, the bag
15 increases in size and as this happens, gussets expand outwardly as the bag becomes filled with popped kernels, hot vapor and steam.

THE FIGURES

20 Figure 1 is a perspective view of a microwave oven holding a bag in accordance with the invention as it appears just after popping;

Figure 2 is an enlarged perspective view of the turntable and popcorn bag illustrated in Figure 1 as it
25 appears after it has been fully inflated and the corn has been popped;

Figure 3 is a perspective view of the package in a collapsed condition as it appears prior to popping of the corn;

30 Figure 4 is a top view of the package of Figure 2 after popping;

Figure 5 is a side view of the package after popping;

Figure 6 is a perspective view of the collapsible stand illustrated in Figures 4 and 5 as seen before it is
35 bonded to the lower surface of the bag;

Figure 6A is a partial side elevational view of the bag with the stand in a partially collapsed position;

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Figure 7 is a plan view of the lower surface of a popcorn popping bag having another form of collapsible stand;

Figure 8 is a perspective view of one of the legs of the stand shown in Figure 7;

Figure 8B is a perspective view of the leg of Figure 8 folded to its erect position;

Figure 9 is a partial vertical sectional view taken on line 9-9 of Figure 7 on an enlarged scale;

Figure 10 is a perspective view of another form of package in accordance with the invention;

Figure 11 is an exploded view of the package of Figure 10 showing how it is assembled;

Figure 12 is a bottom view of the tray-style stand illustrated in Figure 11;

Figure 13 is a vertical sectional view taken on line 13-13 of Figure 11;

Figure 14 is a plan view of the blank used to form the stand before being erected;

Figure 15 is a perspective view showing the popcorn bag after it is unfolded and before being mounted upon the stand;

Figure 16 is a perspective view of the package as it appears during cooking;

Figure 17 is a view taken on line 17-17 of Figure 16 at the beginning of cooking;

Figure 18 is a perspective bottom view of another form of stand; and

Figure 19 is a perspective view of another form of popcorn bag.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Refer now to figures. Shown in Figure 1 is a microwave oven 4 having the usual controls 5 and an oven cooking chamber 6 provided with a rotatable turntable 7 upon which is placed a popcorn bag 10 embodying one alternative form of the invention. In Figures 1, 2, 4 and

5 the popcorn bag 10 is shown as it appears in the expanded condition during and immediately after popping.

The bag is composed of flexible microwave transparent sheet material, preferably of a pair of paper plies 10a and 10b (Figure 2) that are superimposed and sealed together by means of adhesive, i.e., laminated to one another to form a composite structure. The composition of the bag 10, adhesives used, and its mode of assembly, etc., can be as described in any of the following patents which are incorporated herein by reference: 4,691,374; 4,735,513; 4,878,765; 4,450,180; 5,044,777 or 5,081,330.

The bag 10 includes a flat upper face panel 12 and a flat lower face panel 14. The upper face panel 12 is provided with longitudinally extending, adhesively bonded seam 12a that bonds the edges of the cut sheet from which the bag is formed together along the length of the bag. Extending longitudinally of the bag 10 between the face panels 12, 14 are a pair of longitudinally extending, centrally projecting folded gussets 16 and 18 which are integral with face panels 12 and 14.

Within the bag 10 is a charge 13 of popcorn, preferably together with a quantity of shortening. Bonded between the plies 10a, 10b beneath the charge 13 of popcorn and shortening is a susceptor 14b. While any suitable type of susceptor known to the art can be employed, the susceptor 14b preferable comprises a thin sheet of plastic such as 0.5 mil polyethylene terephthalate having a thin semiconductive coating of metal, e.g., aluminum, vacuum electrodeposited thereon for absorbing microwave energy and converting it to heat.

The ends of the optional form of the bag 10 shown in Figures 1-5 are cut in a particular way. Other embodiments to be described below have straight cut ends. As shown in Figure 3, the bag 10 is provided with a top end A and a bottom end B. The top end A is provided with an arcuate cut edge which can, if desired, either be in a form of a continuously curved convex arc 22 or, as shown

in the figure, composed of several straight adjoining cut segments, in this case a straight center segment 20 and inclined cut segments 31 and 32 proceeding outwardly and downwardly from the central centermost segment 20. The top end A of the bag 10 is glued together by means of three adhesive strips 26, 28 and 30 which are aligned with the cut edges 32, 20 and 31, respectively.

Similarly, the bottom end B of the bag 10 is provided with an accurately contoured end composed of three straight segments 36, 21 and 38 joined end-to-end to form a convex arc. The panels and gussets are bonded together by means of an arcuate line of adhesive composed of segments 40, 42 and 44 aligned with the cut edges 38, 21, 36, respectively. Similarly, the contoured arcuate bottom cut end B of the bag can be a continuously curved arc as shown at 24, if desired, rather than being formed of several connected straight segments. The arcuate cut ends A and B of the bag 10 both have a convex shape with respect to the center of the bag and can, if desired, form a convex arc such as a circular or elliptical arc about the center point C of the bag 10.

By viewing Figure 2, it will be seen that the adhesive line 40 consists of a pair of adhesive bonds 40a and 40b between the gusset fold 18 into the upper and lower face panels 12 and 14. Similarly, the adhesive line 44 includes an upper segment 44a and a lower segment 44b which bond the gusset 16 and the upper and lower face panels. The adhesive line 42 bonds the face panels 12 and 14 between gusset folds 16 and 18.

Refer now to Figure 3 which illustrates clearly how the gussets are cut in the embodiment of Figures 1-5. It will be seen that the height of each of the gussets 16 and 18 is greatest near the center of the bag but diminishes proceeding laterally toward the side edges 23 and 25 of the bag 10. The gusset will thus have a generally trapezoidal configuration prior to popping when the bag is flat as a Figure 3. Each end of each gusset 16, 18 is

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securely bonded to the adjacent face panels 12, 14 by means of the lines of adhesive 26a, 26b, 30a, 30b, at the top of the bag and 40a, 40b, 44a, 44b at the bottom of the bag.

5 Bonded as shown in Figures 4, 5 and 6A, e.g., by means of adhesive, to the bottom of the bag 10 is a stand 17 formed, for example, from microwave transparent paperboard having a pair of upright segments 17a terminating in centrally folded tabs T which are bonded by being glued to
10 the bottom panel 14 of the bag 10 for supporting the bag at the height of, say, about 2 cm above the turntable 7. It will be noted that the tabs T are relatively small in size compared to the susceptor 14b. This will help to avoid overheating of the susceptor 14b. The stand 17 in
15 this case includes a central rectangular bottom panel designated by numeral 17c (Figs. 5 and 6). Fold lines 17d, i.e., pre-formed creases in the paperboard, define the intersection between the tabs T, the upright segments 17a and 17b, and the lower panel 17c. Retaining tabs 10
20 can be folded centrally about vertical fold lines to help hold the stand erect. Because the stand 17 is collapsible, it can be used both in the collapsed position illustrated in Figure 6A or erected by folding the adjoining panels along the fold line 17d to the erect
25 position shown in Figure 5. Accordingly, the stand 17 can be used to position the bag 10 in at least two alternate positions at different elevations for different applications; namely, by placing the stand 17 in an erect position (Figs. 4-6) or a collapsed position (Fig. 6A) to
30 suit whatever conditions exist in the particular oven in which the popcorn bag 10 is cooked. The stand 17 can thus be thought of as a collapsible stand suited for positioning the bag 10 at selected positions within the oven, namely, at two or more elevations; one position
35 (when the stand 17 is collapsed) locating the popcorn within the bag 10 very close to the oven supporting surface and the second position (when the stand 17 is

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erect) locating the bottom wall 17c of the bag 10 in a raised position in spaced relationship with the oven supporting surface, e.g., the oven turntable 7, and in this way placing the popcorn as well as the susceptor 14b where both will efficiently absorb the microwave energy to pop the corn more completely and evenly. When the stand 17 is folded halfway or to any other intermediate position, it will support the bag 10 at some intermediate position between the raised and lowered position to suit any kind of oven encountered.

The bottom seal B is made very strong in any suitable manner to prevent it from popping open due to internal pressure prior to the top seal A. This can be accomplished by having the bottom seal 42 extend further toward the top of the bag, causing seals 40, 44 to intersect higher up so that the seals become redundant. The seal at the top A of the bag is preferably made somewhat weaker than the bottom seal B to provide a normally closed steam vent that opens at the top responsive to internal steam pressure. The seal A thus opens to provide for the escape of excess steam from the top of the bag during the popping operation.

In a typical example of the invention, the bag is 28 cm long, each face is 13 cm wide, the gussets are 5 cm deep (10 cm across), and the height of the stand 17 is 1.9 cm. Such a bag will have a capacity of 2600 cc and will hold charge of 100 grams of popcorn and shortening, and replaces a standard rectangular 1600 cc bag that was able to hold a charge of only 50 grams, the largest that could previously be used with a standard 23 cm turntable.

Refer now to Figures 7-9 which illustrate another embodiment of the invention. In this case, the popcorn bag 50 is generally similar to the bag 10 of Figures 1-5 except that the ends are cut straight across to provide straight ends 58 and 60 rather than being arcuate or cut with diagonal corners. Thus, the bag 50 includes an upper rectangular panel 51 and a lower panel 52 of the same

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shape and size. The panels 51, 52 are connected together along the side edges by means of centrally extending gusset folds 53 and 55. In the lower panel 52 is provided any suitable commercially available microwave heating
5 susceptor 52a which becomes hot when exposed to microwave energy. The bag 50 is provided with longitudinally spaced apart, laterally extending fold lines 54, 56 that enable the bag to be folded twice to one-third its original size for compact shipment. The ends of the bag are sealed shut
10 all the way across by means of a suitable adhesive providing straight seals adjacent to the straight cut ends 58 and 60.

To the lower panel 52 of the bag 50 is bonded a stand as a part of the bag 50. The stand in this case consists
15 of three foldable legs 62 formed from paperboard or from a sheet of foldable plastic. Each of the legs 62 has a base portion 64 that is bonded to the lower wall 52 of the bag 50 and an adjacent leg portion 66 which is connected to the base 64 by means of a preformed crease or fold line
20 65.

When the bag is shipped, the legs 62 are in the collapsed condition of Figure 8. However, when the bag 50 is to be used on turntable 7, the leg portions 66 are folded to the erect position shown in Figures 7, 8B and 9,
25 and centrally located foldable tab 68 is also elevated to an erect position as shown in Figure 8B so that a slot 70 engages the leg portion 66 in erect position. As in the first embodiment, when the legs 62 are collapsed, the bag 50 can be placed in the microwave oven in a lower
30 position, but if the legs 62 are erected, the bag 50 will be raised above the bottom wall of the microwave oven to an elevated position as shown in Figure 9 so as to substantially increase cooking efficiency by enhancing energy transfer to the susceptor 52a when the oven floor
35 or food support is composed of metal.

Refer now to Figures 10-14 which illustrate another form of package 80 in accordance with the invention. The

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package 80 comprises three main parts: a plastic overwrap 82, a tray-shaped pre-erected stand 84 and a collapsed paper popcorn bag 86 containing a charge 88 composed of popcorn and shortening. The bag 86 is the same as the bag 50 already described hereinabove, and the same numerals refer corresponding parts. It is also the same as the bag 10 except that the diagonal corner cuts 32, 34, 36 and 38 are not present. Accordingly, the bag 86 has a rectangular outline. Diagonal corner cuts can, however, be provided if desired.

After being filled with the charge 88 of popcorn and shortening and sealed, the bag 86 is folded along two transversely extending fold lines 54, 56 on either side of the susceptor 52a to reduce the bag 86 to one-third of its original size. The stand 84 is made of just the proper size to receive the folded bag 86. This allows the folded bag 86 to be placed inside the stand 84 for compact shipment and storage as shown in Figure 11.

The overwrap or pouch 82 includes upper and lower opposing walls 94 and 96 which are cut transversely to provide a pair of cut ends 98, 100 that are sealed together along transversely extending seals such as heat seals 90, 92. The overwrap 82 can comprise any suitable paper or plastic material such as oriented polypropylene having a thickness of 188 gauge or 0.0018 inches (30 microns). If desired, the overwrap 82 can be printed with a suitable label and cooking directions or the like. After the stand 84 containing the bag 86 is inserted into the overwrap or pouch 82, the pouch is closed at its ends by means of the heat seals 90, 92.

The stand 84 can be formed from heavy paper or paperboard, but is preferably formed from paperboard such as 16 point (260 micron) paperboard that has a broad horizontally disposed rectangular supporting wall 102 and four low upright side walls 104-110 joined to the supporting wall 102 along fold lines as shown in Figure 14. The side walls 104-110 terminate in locking tabs T.

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Optionally, sections of the side walls 104-110 are removed to provide openings at 113a adjacent to their lower edges to help hot air escape from beneath that stand 84. The stand 84 is assembled at the factory by folding the side
5 walls 104-110 along the fold lines as shown so that they are positioned at right angles to the supporting wall 102. The tabs T are then bonded or locked to underlying sides of the adjacent side walls 106, 110 so that the stand takes the form of a tray as shown.

10 The supporting wall 102 is provided with an opening 112 surrounded by heat-actuated adhesive such as a thermoplastic adhesive. While a variety of thermoplastic packaging adhesives can be used, suitable adhesives include aqueous polyvinyl can acetate emulsion adhesives
15 such as an adhesive known as Durocet-12 by Franklin International, Columbus, Ohio or Fuller Adhesive No. 3460 by the Fuller Company of St. Paul, Minnesota. The aqueous emulsion adhesive is applied around opening 112 as a liquid and allowed to dry, in this case on the surface of
20 the stand 84 near the center portion of the broad supporting wall 102 around opening 112.

The stand 84 is thus initially separate, i.e., detached from the popcorn-containing bag 86, and is shaped like a tray. This allows the bag 86, once folded at 54,
25 56, to be placed inside the stand 84 for shipment as shown in Figure 11 so that the stand 84 occupies little additional space. The invention therefore provides a very compact package.

When the popcorn is to be popped, the pouch 82 is
30 opened and the stand 84 and bag 86 are removed. The stand 84 is then placed in the microwave oven as shown in Figures 15-17 with the broad supporting wall 102 uppermost and the low side walls 104-110 upright. The free edges of the walls 104-110 rest on a horizontal food supporting
35 surface such as the turntable 7 (Figure 17) within the oven 4 and act as feet for the stand 84. The bag 86 is

then unfolded along fold lines 54, 56 and is placed on the stand 84. Accordingly, the adhesive adjacent opening 112 is in contact with the lower panel of bag 86.

It discovered that almost as soon as the oven is
5 turned on, usually within five seconds, the microwave energy will heat the thermoplastic adhesive enough so that it will melt, forming a bond between the stand 84 and the bag 86 which joins the bag and the stand during the remainder of the cooking cycle while the bag 86 is
10 expanding as shown in Figure 16 and the charge 88 of the popcorn pops within the bag 86. As this takes place, the turntable 7 rotates the bag 86 and stand 84 in the microwave oven 4. The susceptor 52a is adjacent to the thermoplastic adhesive and is in heat transfer
15 relationship with it so as to enhance the heating of the adhesive and help assure the formation of a good bond. Because of the bond thus formed, the rotation of the turntable 7 within the oven 4 will not knock the bag 86 off the stand 84 even if the ends of the bag 86 happen to
20 strike stand 84 even if the ends of the bag 86 happen to strike the walls or door of the oven 4. As a result, the package 80 will perform reliably in a variety of ovens in case the package 80 is not placed squarely at the center of the oven 4 or turntable 7.

25 Refer now to Figures 18. In a modified form of the invention, the adhesive, instead of being applied around one large opening, is applied to the exposed outer surface of the stand 84 as a series of small patches or dots 112a interspersed between adjacent openings 113. It is not
30 known exactly why, but the presence of openings 112, 113 or other kinds of openings in the stand 84 provides a discontinuous surface that importantly reduces the tendency of the stand surface to turn brown or scorch during the cooking process.

35 Figure 19 shows another modified form of the invention in which the adhesive, instead of being applied to the tray 84, is applied as a series spaced apart patches of

adhesive 115 to the center third of the bag 86 between the fold lines 54, 56. The operation is the same; when the bag 86 is placed on the stand 84 by the user, the thermoplastic adhesive 115 will melt, thereby bonding the stand 84 to the bag 86 during the cooking operation within the microwave oven 4 so as to prevent them from inadvertently coming apart as the cooking operation proceeds. Consequently, the stand 84 is detached but automatically self-attaching to the bag 86.

10 The forms of the invention illustrated in Figures 10-19 are easy to use since the stand 84 does not have to be erected by the user. In addition, the stand 84 occupies very little additional space the package because the bag 86 can be stored inside the stand 84. Accordingly, the package is very compact, assuring efficient space utilization. Additionally, when the oven is turned on the bag 86 resting on the stand 84, the bag and stand will almost immediately become bonded together, usually within five seconds, thereby assuring that the bag 86 will not be knocked off the stand 84 as the turntable 7 rotates within the microwave oven 4. The stand 84 also acts somewhat as a hotpad when the package is removed from the oven by helping to keep a person's hands away from the hottest part of the package where the susceptor 52a is located. 20 The invention also simplifies disposal since the stand 84 and bag 86 are connected together after the corn 88 has popped.

Commercial Application and Results:

The present invention was employed for popping popcorn in four different kinds of microwave ovens. In all of the tests, identical standard commercial production popcorn bags were employed of a type manufactured by the assignee, Golden Valley Microwave Foods, Inc., with a nominal capacity of 3.5 ounces. Some of the bags had stands attached as described herein, and other control bags had no stand.

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All of the bags were filled with 71 gms. of corn and 29 gms. of shortening, salt and butter flavoring. The net weight of all bags tested within +/- 1.5 gms. of the target weight.

5 For the invention bags, the top and bottom ends were cut diagonally as shown herein in Figures 1-5. The stand employed was glued to the lower surface of each bag below the susceptor, as shown in Figures 4 and 5.

10 The tests involved three runs in each oven. Each run consisted of the control bag with not stand, the invention bag with stand folded flat, i.e., collapsed, and the invention bag with stand erected. The ovens were allowed to cool off between the second and third runs.

15 The response was the volume of popped corn as measured to the nearest 100 cc., using the same apparatus and technique for every measurement.

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The results are summarized in the table below:

<u>SHIFT</u>				
AVERAGED POPPED VOLUMES (cc)				
5	<u>Oven Type</u>	<u>Control Bag (no stand)</u>	<u>Invention (Stand folded to collapsed position)</u>	<u>Invention (Stand erected)</u>
10	Metal cooking surface* 600w, small cavity turntable	2067	2100	2600
15	Metal cooking surface* 600w, larger cavity turntable	1300	1900	2700
20	Ceramic cooking surface* 450w, small cavity no turntable	1750	1900	1500
25	Ceramic cooking surface* 655w, larger cavity turntable	2700	2800	2500

* i.e., surface below bag at floor of oven cavity

It will be seen in the Table that when the bags are placed on a metal cooking surface, erecting the stand will provide a substantial improvement in the volume of popped corn that results. On the other hand, where the ovens have a ceramic cooking surface, maintaining the stand in the collapsed position will result in the greatest volume of popped corn. Consequently, the invention provides a unique capability of maximizing the volume of popped corn in ovens with either a metal or a ceramic floor.

Many variations of the present invention within the scope the appended claims will be apparent to those skilled in the art once the principles described herein are understood.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An expandable popcorn package for popping popcorn in a microwave oven comprising:
 - 5 a bag body formed from flexible microwave transparent sheet material including superimposed upper and lower face panels with longitudinally extending centrally projected gusset panels folded between the upper and lower face panels,
 - 10 a charge of popcorn contained within the bag, said bag having top and bottom ends with top and bottom seals between the face panels adjacent to the ends of the bag,
 - 15 said seals bonding the upper the lower face panels together and bonding the gusset panels between the face panels to thereby seal the ends of the bag, said bag being adapted to expand to accommodate the expansion of the popcorn as it pops therein during microwave cooking,
 - 20 a selectively deployable stand for being positioned below the bag during microwave cooking to support the bag, when deployed, in spaced relationship above a support surface in the microwave oven, and means for providing an adhesive bond between the
 - 25 stand and the lower face panel of the bag to connect the stand to the bag.
2. The package of Claim 1 wherein the stand is a detached and automatically self-attaching tray-shaped stand,
 - 30 the stand is initially separate from the bag so that the stand can be placed below the bag to support said bag during cooking of the popcorn in a microwave oven, and the means for providing an adhesive bond is a heat-activated adhesive positioned between the bag and
 - 35 a horizontal supporting wall of the stand for bonding the bag to the stand in response to heat transferred

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to said adhesive during microwave cooking of the popcorn within the microwave oven.

- 5 3. The package of Claim 2 wherein the supporting wall of the stand is placed uppermost and the adhesive is a thermoplastic adhesive applied to an outer surface of said supporting wall so as to be located in contact with the bag during cooking in the microwave oven.
- 10 4. The package of Claim 2 wherein the adhesive comprises a plurality of patches of adhesive applied to the package between the stand and the bag.
- 15 5. The package of Claim 2 wherein the adhesive comprises a thermoplastic adhesive and said horizontal supporting wall of the stand includes at least one opening to prevent scorching of the package.
- 20 6. The package of Claim 2 wherein said adhesive comprises one or more patches of adhesive applied to an outside portion of said bag that is placed in contact with said stand for bonding the bag to the stand during cooking of the popcorn within the microwave oven.
- 25 7. The package of Claim 2 wherein the tray-shaped stand is dimensioned larger than the bag when the bag is folded to a smaller size whereby the folded bag can be placed inside the stand for compact shipment and storage.
- 30 8. The package of Claim 2 wherein a microwave interactive susceptor is in heat transfer relationship with the adhesive between the bag and the stand for enhancing the formation of an adhesive bond between the stand and the bag.
- 35 9. The package of Claim 8 wherein the susceptor is in the lower panel of the bag adjacent to the adhesive.

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10. The package of Claim 2 wherein the stand has at least one opening in the horizontally disposed supporting wall and the adhesive is applied to an outside surface of the supporting wall adjacent to said opening.
11. The package of Claim 10 wherein the adhesive surrounds the opening.
12. The package of Claim 10 wherein a plurality of said openings are provided in said supporting wall of the stand, and the adhesive is applied to the supporting wall adjacent said openings.
13. The package of Claim 12 wherein the adhesive is applied to the supporting wall as patches of adhesive interspersed among said openings.
14. The package of Claim 1 wherein the stand is a collapsible stand including panels that are joined to one another along fold lines and the stand is bonded to an outside surface of the lower face panel of the bag below the susceptor so that said stand enables the bag to be placed in multiple positions within said microwave oven during cooking including a) a lower position when the stand is folded to the collapsed condition and b) a raised position when the stand is folded to an erect condition, said collapsible stand being thereby adapted to support the bag in a selected one or two or more positions during cooking for improving cooking efficiency in different kinds of microwave ovens.
15. The popcorn bag of Claim 14 wherein a first panel of the stand is adhesively bonded to said bag and a second panel of the stand is adapted to be folded to extend downwardly to serve as a leg for said stand.

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16. The popcorn bag of Claim 15 wherein the stand includes a pair of first panels bonded to an outer surface of the lower panel of the bag and a pair of second panels spaced apart from one another and connected to said first panels by parallel fold lines to serve as legs for supporting the bag in a raised position when the stand is erected and the legs are in an upright position.
17. The popcorn bag of Claim 1 wherein the bag as top and bottom cut ends and each of the cut ends has corner portions cut away and lines of adhesive are in alignment adjacent to the cut ends of the bag, said lines of adhesive bond the face panels together and bond the gussets between the face panels, the gussets are shaped so that the length of each gusset is greatest near the center of the bag diminishes proceeding outwardly toward side edges of each face panel and said bag expands to accommodate the expansion of the corn as it pops therein during microwave cooking.
18. The popcorn bag of Claim 17 wherein the ends of the bag and gussets are cut in curved arcs.
19. The popcorn bag of Claim 17 wherein the ends of the bag are cut to have a plurality of straight segments connected end-to-end.
20. The popcorn bag of Claim 16 wherein the stand includes a bottom panel connected between the lower ends of said legs by means of two spaced apart mutually parallel fold lines.
21. A method of popping popcorn in a microwave oven, comprising:

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providing an expandable popcorn bag formed from flexible sheet material and containing a quantity of popcorn sealed therein,

5 providing a detached tray-shaped stand formed from paper or paperboard for supporting the popcorn bag in spaced relationship above a cooking surface within said microwave oven,

10 providing a thermoplastic adhesive on an exposed surface of the popcorn bag or stand in a position to be interposed between the stand and the bag when the bag is placed on the stand and popping the popcorn within the bag by exposing the bag to microwave energy in the oven,

15 and the heat produced by the microwave energy being adapted to melt the thermoplastic adhesive and thereby bond the tray-shaped stand to the popcorn bag during cooking of the popcorn within the microwave oven for connecting the bag to the stand.

20 22. The method of Claim 21 wherein a microwave interactive susceptor is provided for absorbing microwave energy and converting the microwave energy to heat, and said susceptor is in heat conductive relationship with said thermoplastic adhesive for melting the thermoplastic
25 adhesive to help form said bond during microwave cooking.

23. An expandable popcorn package for popping popcorn in a microwave oven comprising:

- 30 (a) a flexible, microwave-transparent bag body having a lower face panel;
- (b) a charge of popcorn contained within the bag;
- (i) said bag being adapted to expand to accommodate the expansion of the popcorn as
35 it pops therein during microwave cooking;
- (c) a selectively deployable stand operably positionable below the bag during microwave

cooking to support the bag, when deployed, in a spaced relationship above a support surface in the microwave oven; and
means for selectively providing an adhesive bond
5 between the stand and the lower face panel of the bag.

24. The package of Claim 23 wherein the stand is a detached and automatically self-attaching tray-shaped stand, the stand is initially separate from the bag so
10 that the stand can be placed below the bag to support said bag during cooking of the popcorn in a microwave oven, and the means for providing an adhesive bond is a heat-activated adhesive positioned between the bag
15 and a horizontal supporting wall of the stand for bonding the bag to the stand in response to heat transferred to said adhesive during microwave cooking of the popcorn within the microwave oven.

20 25. The package of Claim 24 wherein a microwave interactive susceptor is in heat transfer relationship with the adhesive between the bag and the stand.

26. The package of Claim 24 wherein the stand has at least
25 one opening in the horizontally disposed supporting wall and the adhesive is applied to an outside surface of the supporting wall adjacent to said opening.

27. The package of Claim 23 wherein the stand is a
30 collapsible stand including panels that are joined to one another along fold lines and the stand is bonded to an outside surface of the lower face panel of the bag below the susceptor so that said stand enables the bag to be placed in multiple positions within said
35 microwave oven during cooking including a) a lower position when the stand is folded to the collapsed condition and b) a raised position when the stand is

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folded to an erect condition, said collapsible stand
being thereby adapted to support the bag in a selected
one of two or more positions during cooking for
improving cooking efficiency in different kinds of
5 microwave cooking.

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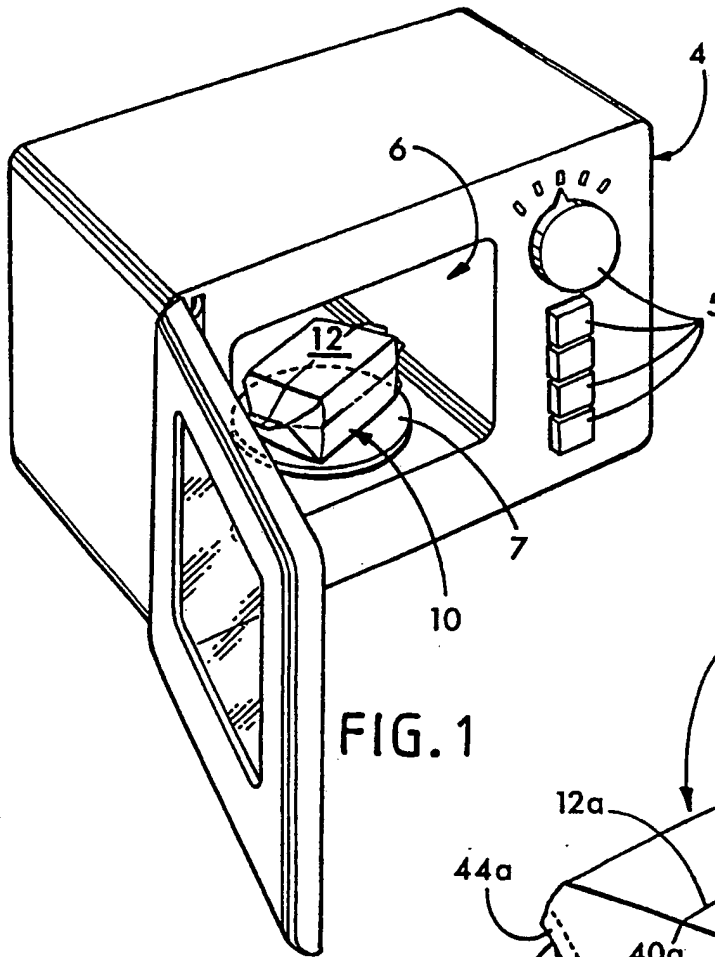


FIG. 1

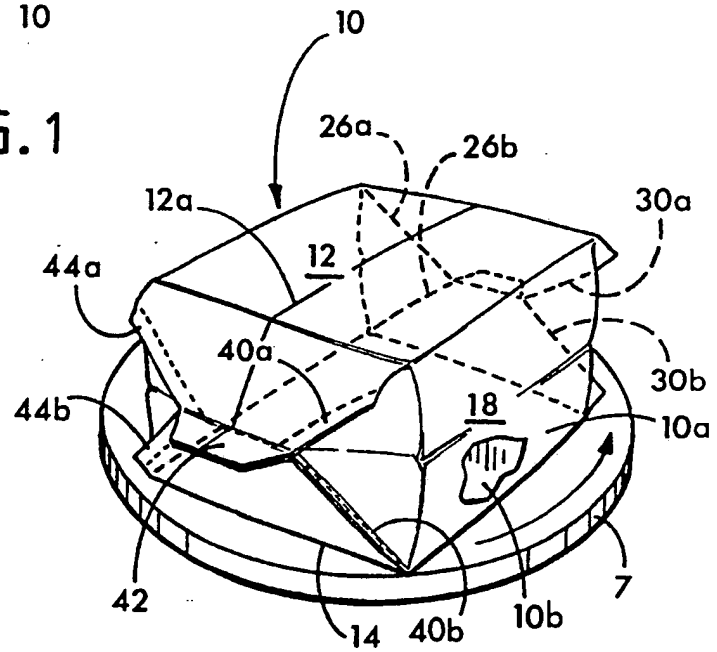


FIG. 2

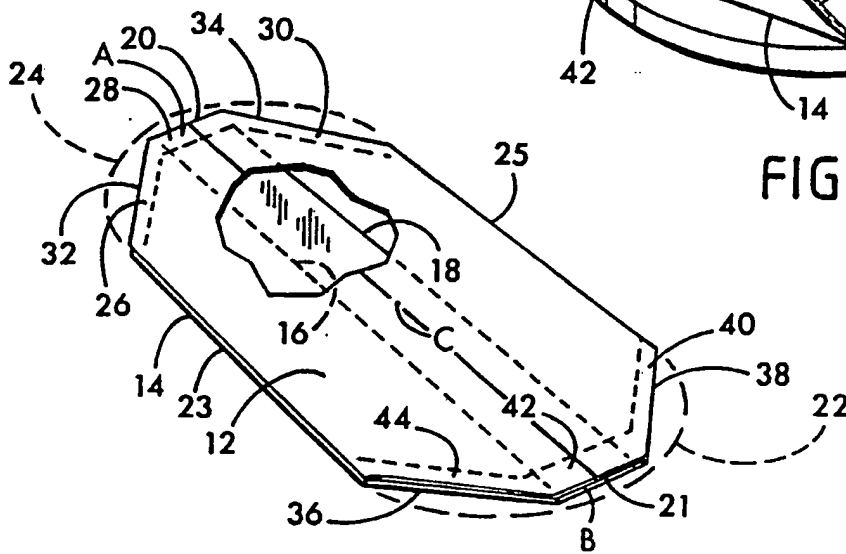


FIG. 3

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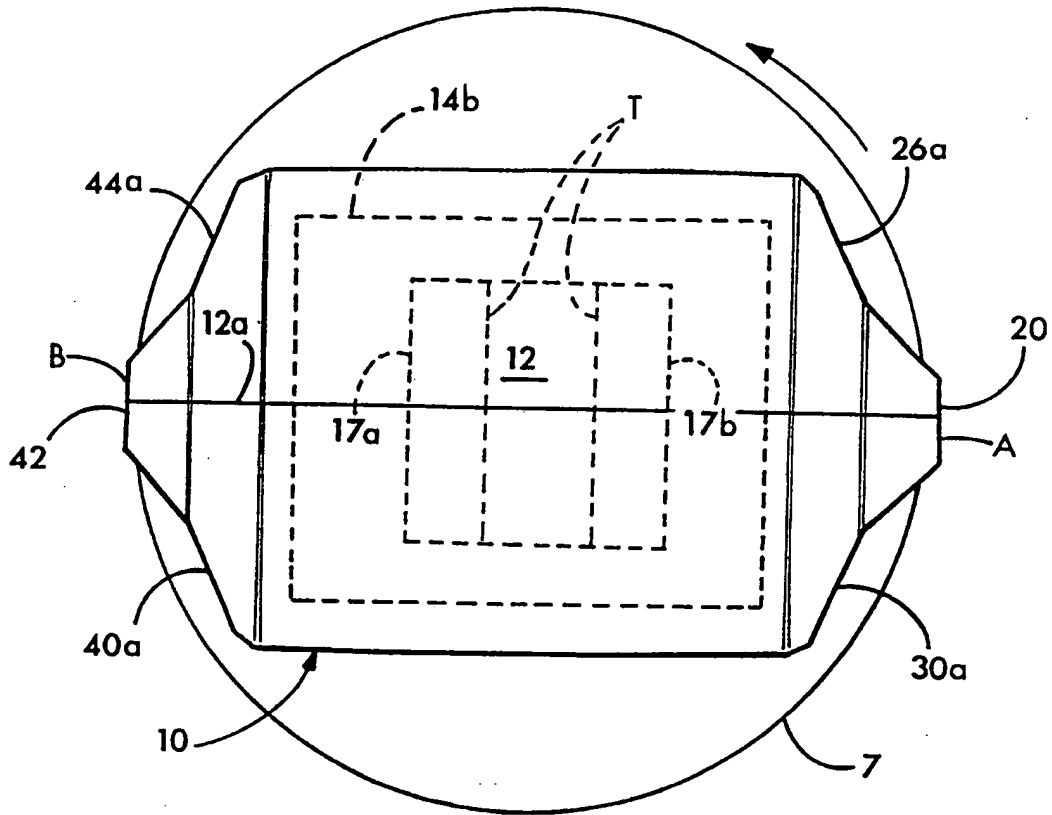


FIG. 4

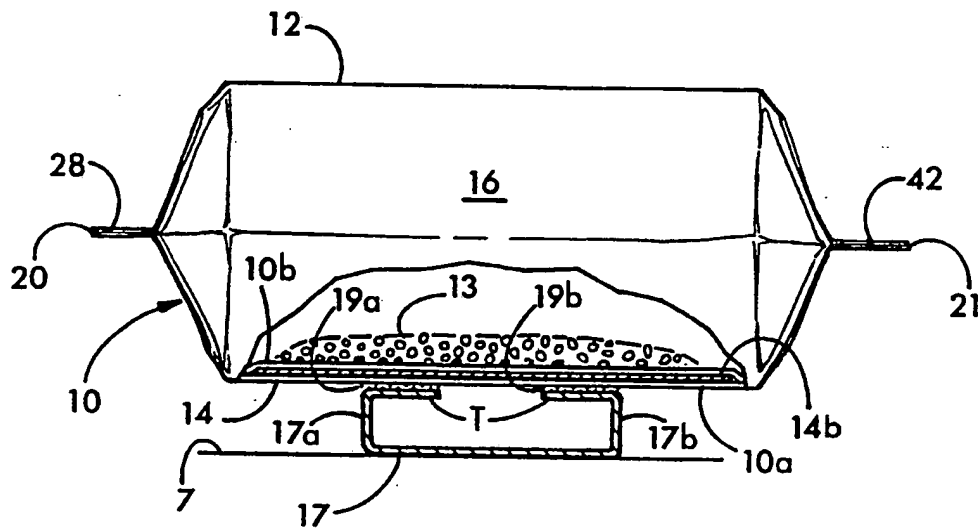


FIG. 5

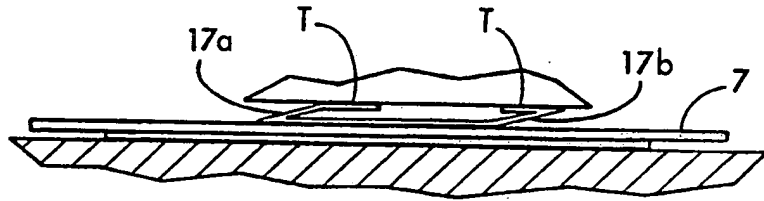
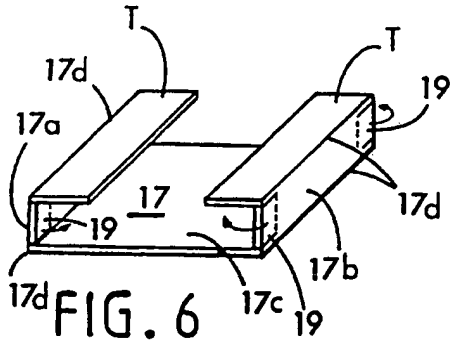


FIG. 6A

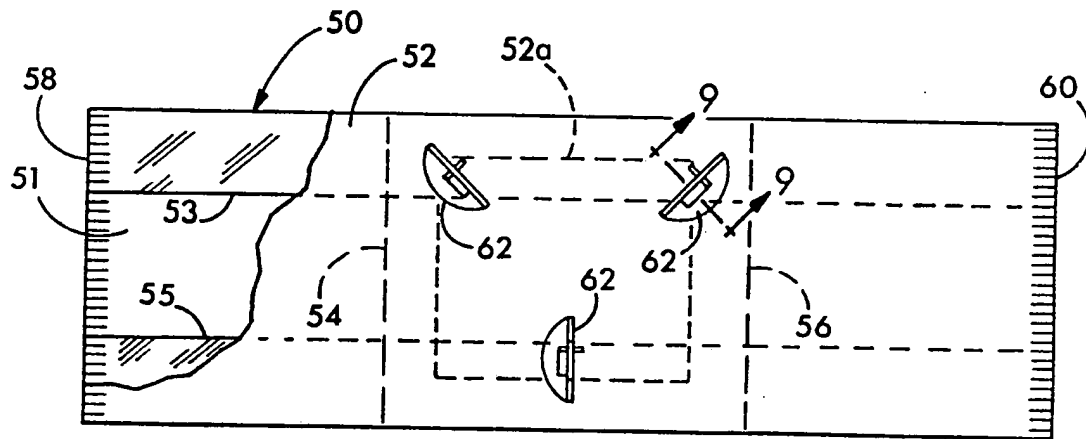


FIG. 7

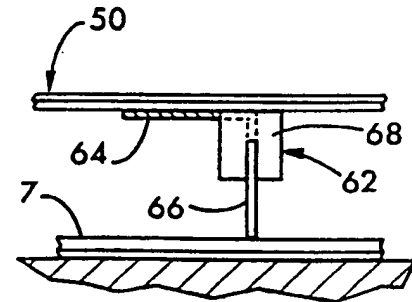
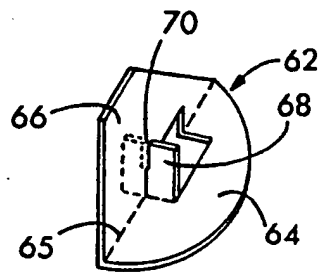
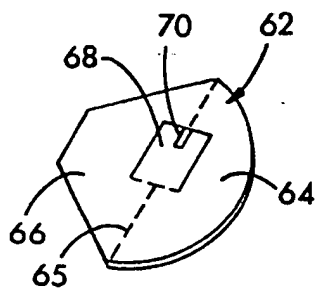


FIG. 9

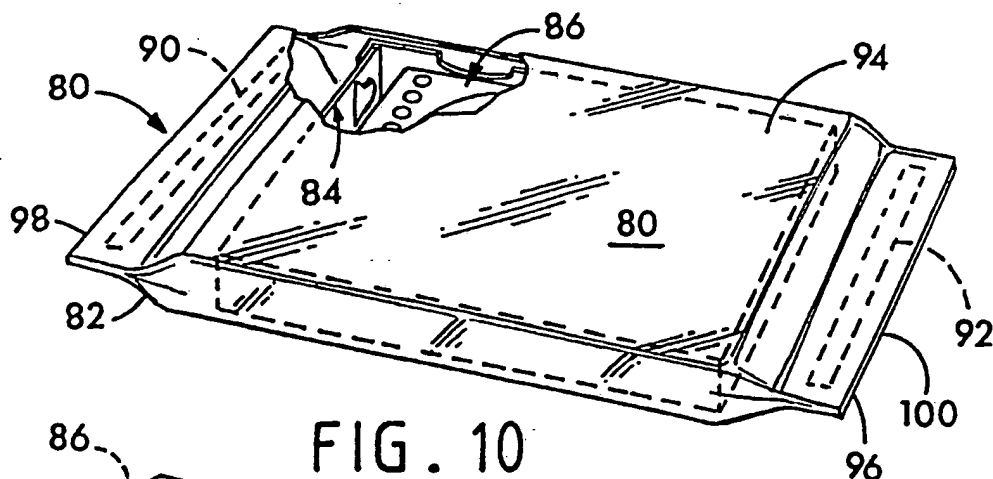


FIG. 10

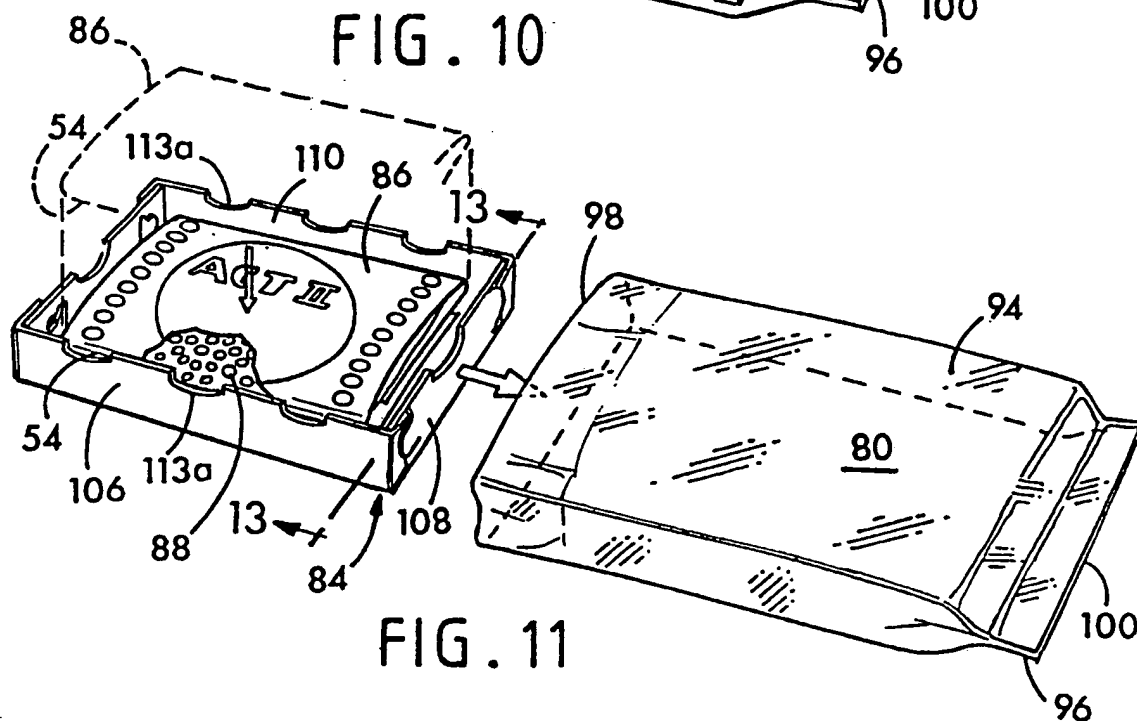


FIG. 11

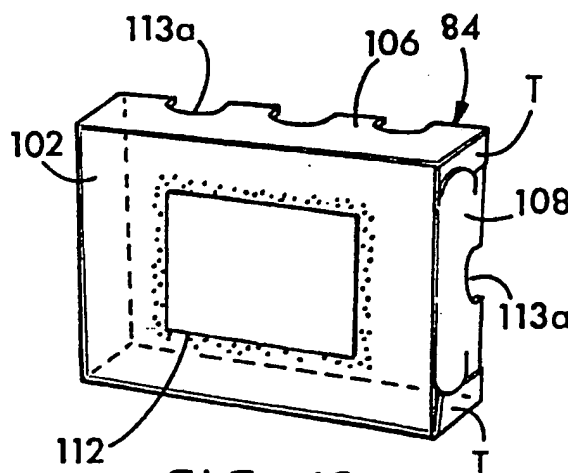


FIG. 12

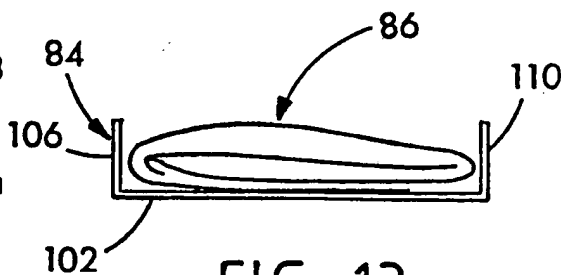


FIG. 13

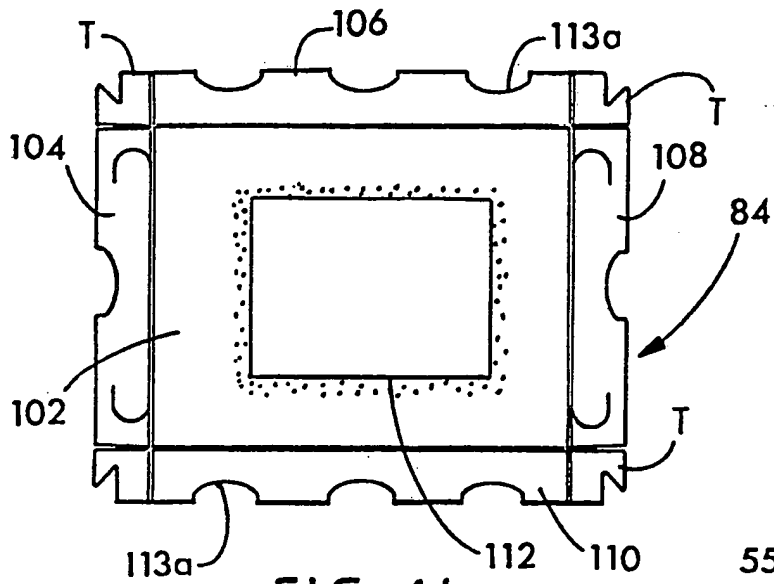


FIG. 14

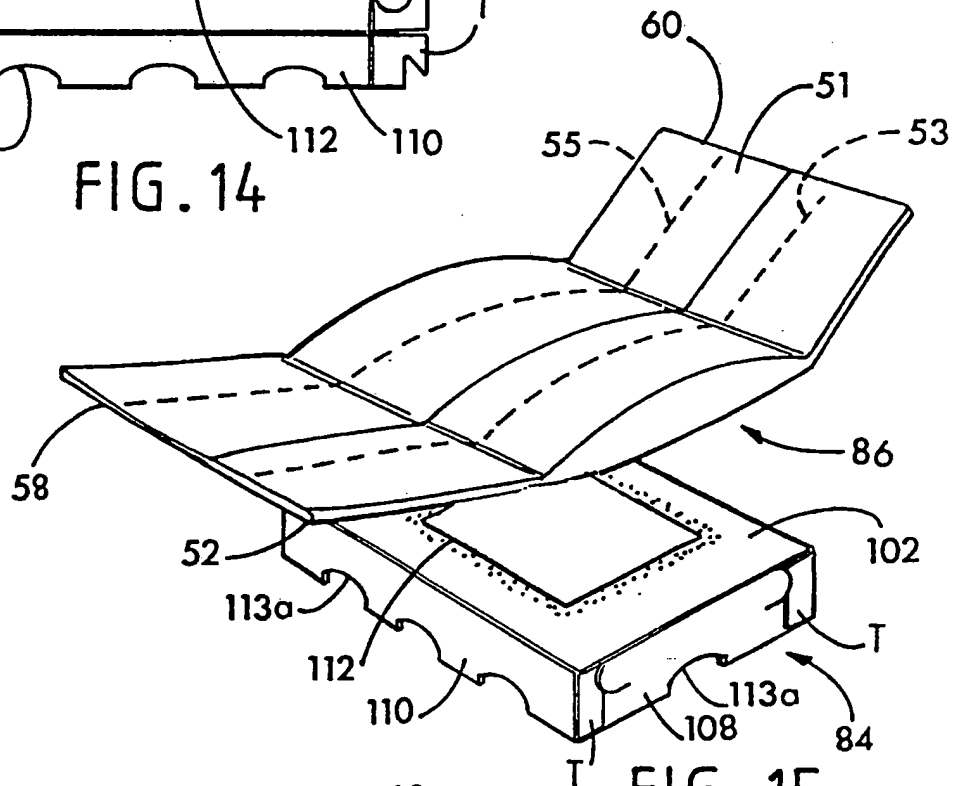


FIG. 15

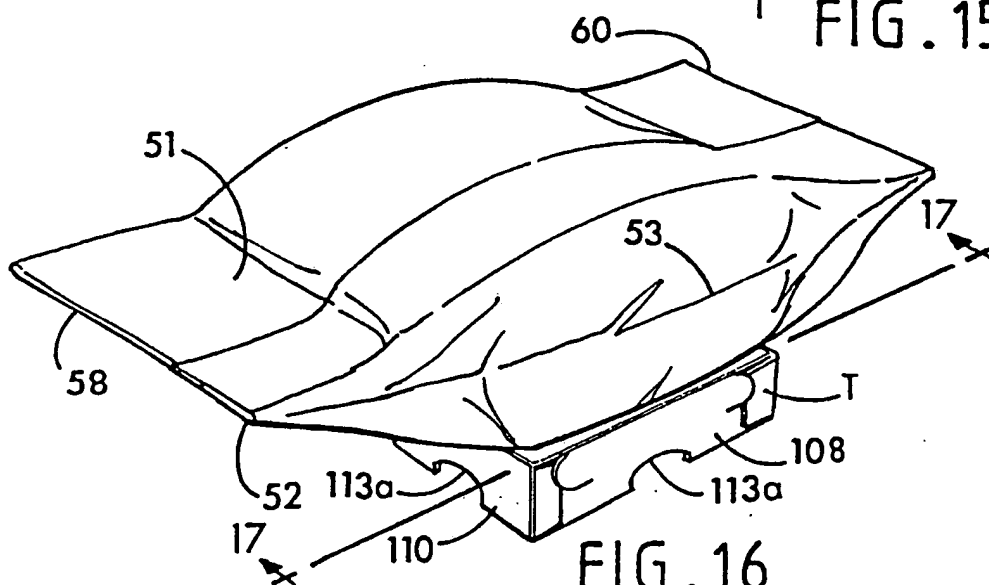


FIG. 16

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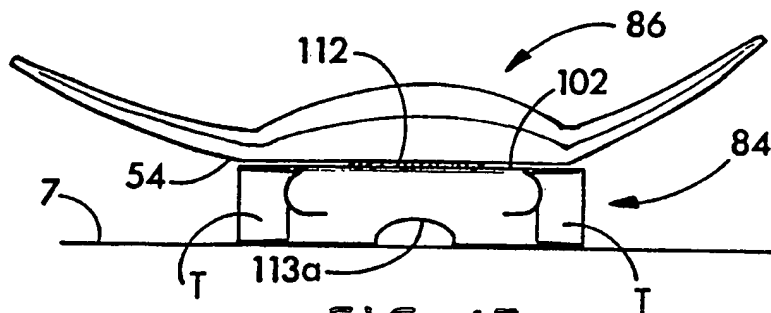


FIG. 17

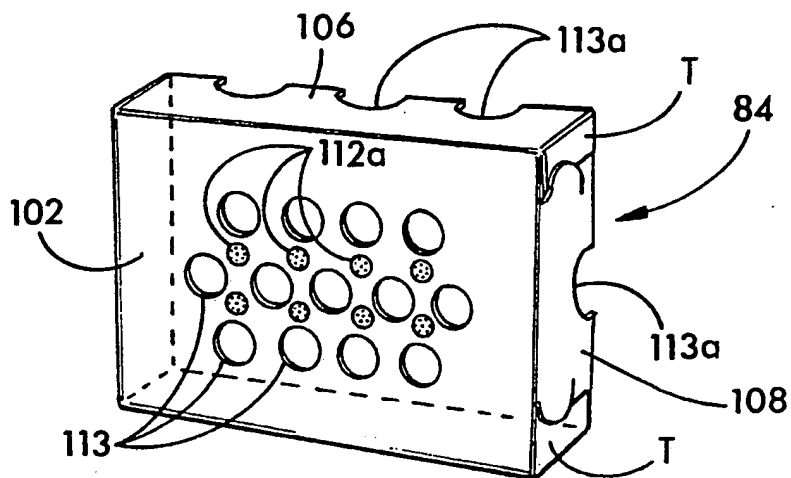


FIG. 18

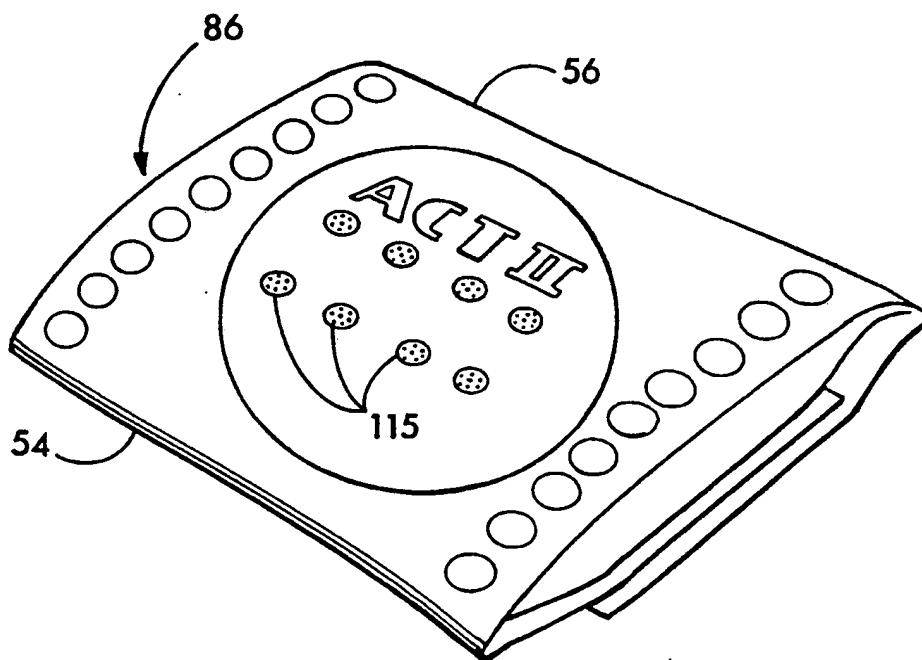


FIG. 19

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/US93/02359

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(5) :H05B 6/80

US CL :Please See Extra Sheet.

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 219/10.55E, 10.55F, 10.55M; 426/107, 113, 234, 243; 99/DIG.14; 206/448; 426/110, 124; 206/484, 497

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

APS

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US, A, 4,219,573 (BOREK) 26 August 1980. See the entire document.	1, 14, 17, 23 and 27
Y,P	US, A, 5,153,402 (QUICK ET AL.) 06 October 1992. See the entire document.	15-16
A	US, A, 4,698,472 (COX ET AL.) 06 October 1987. See the entire document.	1-27
X	US, A, 5,081,330 (BRANDBERG ET AL.) 14 January 1992. See the entire document.	1, 17 and 23
Y	US, A, 5,044,777 (WATKINS ET AL.) 03 September 1991. See the entire document.	17-20

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	*T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
A document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be part of particular relevance	*X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
E earlier document published on or after the international filing date	*Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
L document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	*Z* document member of the same patent family
O document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	
P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search
18 MAY 1993

Date of mailing of the international search report

09 JUN 1993

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

 International application No.
 PCT/US93/02359

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US, A, 5,011,299 (BLACK, JR. ET AL.) 30 April 1991. See the entire document.	1-27
Y	US, A, 4,973,810 (BRAUNER) 27 November 1990. See the entire document.	17-20
Y	US, A, 4,904,488 (LABAW ET AL.) 27 February 1990. See the entire document.	17-20
A	US, A, 4,355,757 (ROCCAFORTE) 26 October 1982. See the entire document.	1-27
A	US, A, 4,038,425 (BRANDBERG ET AL.) 26 July 1977. See the entire document.	1-27
A	US, A, 4,584,202 (ROCCAFORTE) 22 April 1986. See the entire document.	1-27
A,P	US, A, 5,097,107 (WATKIN ET AL.) 17 March 1992. See the entire document.	1-27
A	US, A, 4,586,649 (WEBINGER) 06 May 1986. See the entire document.	1-27
A,E	US, A, 5,200,590 (BOWEN ET AL.) 06 April 1993. See the entire document.	1-27
Y,E	US, A, 5,195,829 (WATKIN ET AL.) 23 March 1993. See the entire document.	17-20

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US93/02359

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER:

US CL :

219/10.55E, 10.55F, 10.55M; 426/107, 113, 234, 243; 99/DIG.14; 206/448